Realm High Income Fund ARSN 159 673 533

Financial report for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

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Directors' Report

The directors of One Managed Investment Funds Limited (ABN 47 117 400 987; AFSL 297 042) ("OMIFL" or the "Responsible Entity"), the responsible entity of Realm High Income Fund ("RHIF" or the "Fund") submit their report together with the financial report for the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2015.

Responsible Entity

The registered office and principal place of business of the Responsible Entity is Level 11, 20 Hunter Street, Sydney NSW 2000.

Information about the Directors and Senior Management

The names of the directors of the Responsible Entity, in office since inception are:

Name Title

Frank Tearle Executive Director and Fund Secretary

Justin Epstein Executive Director
Elizabeth Reddy Non-executive Director

Principal Activities

The Fund is a registered managed investment scheme, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The Fund was constituted on 25 July 2012, registered as a managed investment scheme on 10 August 2012 and commenced operations on 26 September 2012.

The principal activity of the Fund during the year was to invest in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution and offer documents.

The Fund's primary emphasis is to invest in domestic investment grade asset-backed, bank-issued and corporate bonds. Notwithstanding this primary emphasis, the Fund may also invest in Commonwealth and State government securities, inflation linked securities, hybrid securities, revolving credit facilities, bank term deposits, international agency, supranational debt and derivatives. Derivatives can be used to implement investment decisions, including hedging, and as a risk management tool (such as managing the effect of interest rate or foreign currency movements). They may also be used to adjust or implement investment decisions and to gain, or avoid, exposure to a particular market rather than purchasing physical assets. In this regard, derivatives will only be used to gain exposures when they offer a more cost effective way of purchasing the underlying security. All derivative positions will be fully funded. No leverage is possible when fully exposing and backing the derivative position.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

Review of Operations

Results

The results of the operations of the Fund are disclosed in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income of these financial statements. The profit attributable to unitholders before distributions for the year ended 30 June 2015 was \$1,475,576 (2014: \$1,807,675).

Distributions

In respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2015, distributions totaling \$2,171,954 (2014:.\$1,367,504) were paid to unitholders.

Directors' Report (continued)

Review of Operations (continued)

Value of Assets and Units Issued

The total value of the Fund's assets at 30 June 2015 was \$85,574,930 (2014: \$36,255,581). The following table shows the total number of units on issue as at 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014.

	30 June 2015	30 June 2014
	No. of Units	No. of Units
Ordinary units	16,821,951	12,962,262
Wholesale units	64,486,583	21,142,893
Total Units	81,308,534	34,105,155

Management Fees Paid and Payable

As stated in the Product Disclosure Statement, the Responsible Entity charges a management fee of 1.2% (including GST) of the gross asset value of the Fund referrable to ordinary units; and 0.77% (including GST) of the gross asset value of the Fund referrable to wholesale units. The fee accrues daily and is payable monthly in arrears out of the assets of the Fund.

Third party costs of providing custodian, administrative and registry services to the Fund are paid out of the management fee. Investment management fees are paid quarterly in arrears to the investment manager of the Fund, Realm Investment Management Pty Ltd ("Investment Manager").

The following management fees were paid or payable out of the Fund's property during the year ended 30 June 2015:

- Management fees of \$487,792 (2014: \$212,300) were incurred during the year.
- Management fees of \$58,910 (2014: \$27,879) were payable at 30 June 2015.

Changes in State of Affairs

On 1 April 2015 the Fund issued a new product disclosure statement to introduce a number of new operational changes for the Fund, which include the following:

- With effect from 5.00pm, 1 April 2015, the Fund moved from weekly applications, withdrawals and pricing to daily applications, withdrawals and pricing; and
- · Following the issue of the new product disclosure statement, the Fund commenced monthly income distributions.

During the financial year there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund.

Subsequent Events

There has been no matter or circumstance occurring subsequent to the end of the year that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Fund, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Directors' Report (continued)

Future Developments

The Fund will be managed in accordance with the Constitution and investment objectives as detailed in its most recent Product Disclosure Statement.

Environmental Regulation and Performance

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory. There have been no known significant breaches of any other environmental requirements applicable to the Fund.

Indemnification of Directors, Officers and Auditors

During the financial year, the Responsible Entity paid premiums in respect of contracts insuring the directors of the Responsible Entity against a liability incurred as a director or executive officer to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contracts of insurance prohibit disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premiums.

The Fund has not directly indemnified or insured directors or officers. The Responsible Entity has not otherwise, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer or auditor of the Responsible Entity or of any related body corporate against a liability as such an officer or auditor.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

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A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 4.

On behalf of the directors of the Responsible Entity, One Managed Investment Funds Limited.

Frank Tearle

Director

30 September 2015



Auditor's Independence Declaration Under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

As auditor for the audit of Realm High Income Fund for the period ended 30 June 2015, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor's independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Dated at Sydney the 30 Nday of September 2015

ESV Accounting and Business Advisors

Tim Valtwies Partner



Independent Audit Report to the Members of Realm High Income Fund

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the financial report of Realm High Income Fund ("the Fund"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2015, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unit holders and statement of cash flows for the period then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the Fund are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In Note 3a, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Fund's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.



Independent Audit Report to the Members of Realm High Income Fund

Opinion

In our opinion the financial report of Realm High Income Fund is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (a) (i) giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the period ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

Dated at Sydney the ²⁰¹²day of September 2015

ESV Accounting and Business Advisors

Tim Valtwies Partner

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Directors' Declaration

The directors of the Responsible Entity declare that:

- (a) in the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (b) in the directors' opinion, the attached financial statements are in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as stated in note 3 (a) to the financial statements; and
- (c) in the directors' opinion, the attached financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including compliance with accounting standards and giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Fund.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors of the Responsible Entity made pursuant to Section 295(4) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors of the Responsible Entity, One Managed Investment Funds Limited.

Frank Tearle

Director

30 September 2015

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Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2015

	Note	Year ended 30 June 2015 \$	Year ended 30 June 2014 \$
Income			
Change in value of financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or			
loss	5	(672,492)	700,280
Dividend income		636,551	96,432
Interest income		2,188,690	1,261,180
Other income		699	14,001
Total income		2,153,448	2,071,893
Expenses			
Management fees	15 (b)	487,792	212,300
Other expenses		190,080	51,918
Total expenses		677,872	264,218
Net profit attributable to unitholders before finance costs		1,475,576	1,807,675
Finance costs			
Distributions to unitholders		(2,171,954)	(1,367,504)
Net (loss)/gain attributable to unitholders after finance costs		(696,378)	440,171
Decrease/(increase) in net assets attributable to unitholders		696,378	(440,171)
Total comprehensive income		-	<u>-</u>

Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2015

N	lote	30 June 2015 \$	30 June 2014 \$
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	1 (a)	9,717,565	5,808,366
Applications receivable		422,323	**
Receivable for investments sold		2,373,033	-
Other assets	8	21,716	15,496
Investments in term deposits		1,046,236	508,733
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	71,994,057	29,922,986
Total assets	_	85,574,930	36,255,581
Liabilities			
Distributions payable		115,083	458,752
Management fees payable 15	5 (b)	58,910	27,879
Payables on investments purchased		504,980	_
Redemptions payable		316	
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6		54,423
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)	-	679,289	541,054
Net assets attributable to unitholders	_	84,895,641	35,714,527

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders for the year ended 30 June 2015

	Note	Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund
		\$
Year ended 30 June 2014		
Balance as at 1 July 2013		8,268,718
Applications for units by unitholders		29,203,843
Redemptions of units by unitholders		(2,246,398)
Reinvestments by unitholders		48,193
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders		440,171
Balance as at 30 June 2014	9	35,714,527
	Note	Net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund
Year ended 30 June 2015		\$
Balance as at 1 July 2014		35,714,527
Applications for units by unitholders		56,961,963
Redemptions of units by unitholders		(7,182,140)
Reinvestments by unitholders		97,669
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders		(696,378)
Balance as at 30 June 2015	9	84,895,641

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2015

		Year ended 30 June 2015	Year ended 30 June 2014
	Note	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest received		2,192,939	1,255,968
Interest expense		(1,114)	(3,848)
Dividends received		636,551	134,483
Management fees paid		(456,761)	(215,205)
Other receipts		43	10,324
Other payments		(198,779)	(33,789)
Net purchases and sales of financial instruments designated at fair value through			
profit or loss		(45,203,542)	(22,925,091)
Net cash used in operating activities	11 (b)	(43,030,663)	(21,777,158)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Distributions paid to unitholders		(2,417,954)	(1,125,131)
Receipts from unitholder applications		56,539,640	29,203,843
Payments for unitholder redemptions		(7,181,824)	(2,246,398)
Net cash provided by financing activities		46,939,862	25,832,314
		0.000.400	4.055.456
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		3,909,199	4,055,156
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		5,808,366	1,753,210
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	11 (a)	9,717,565	5,808,366
Non cash financing activities		97,669	48,193

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. General Information

The Fund is an unlisted registered managed investment scheme. The responsible entity of the Fund is One Managed Investment Funds Limited (ABN 47 117 400 987; AFSL 297 042) ("OMIFL" or the "Responsible Entity"). The registered office and principal place of business of the Responsible Entity is Level 11, 20 Hunter Street, Sydney NSW 2000.

The Fund was constituted on 25 July 2012, registered as a managed investment scheme on 10 August 2012 and commenced operations on 26 September 2012.

The principal activity of the Fund is disclosed in the Directors' Report.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors of the Responsible Entity on 30 September 2015. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2. Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

a) Standards and Interpretations affecting amounts reported in the current period (and/or prior periods)

The following new and revised Standards and Interpretations have been adopted in the current period and have affected the amounts reported in these financial statements.

AASB 1031 'Materiality'

The revised AASB 1031 is an interim standard that cross-references to other Standards and the Framework for the
Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements (issued December 2013) that contain guidance on materiality.
The AASB is progressively removing references to AASB 1031 in all Standards and Interpretations, and once all these
references have been removed, AASB 1031 will be withdrawn. The adoption of AASB 1031 does not have any material
impact on the disclosures or the amounts recognised in the Fund's financial statements.

AASB 2012-3 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Amendments to AASB 132)'

• This standard addresses inconsistencies in current practice when applying the offsetting criteria in AASB 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation' and clarifies the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off' and 'simultaneous realisation and settlement'. As the Fund does not have any offsetting arrangements in place, the application of the amendments does not have any material impact on the financial statements.

AASB 2013-4 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting'

• This standard amends AASB 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' to permit the continuation of hedge accounting in circumstances where a derivative, which has been designated as a hedging instrument, is novated from one counterparty to a central counterparty as a consequence of laws or regulations. As the Fund does not use hedge accounting, the application of the amendments does not have any material impact on the financial statements.

AASB 2013-5 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Investment Entities'

This standard provides an exemption from consolidation of subsidiaries under AASB 10 'Consolidated Financial
Statements' for entities which meet the definition of an 'investment entity', such as certain investment funds. Instead,
such entities would measure their investment in a particular subsidiary at fair value through profit or loss in
accordance with AASB 9 'Financial Instruments' or AASB 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'.
The application of the amendments does not have any material impact on the financial statements.

AASB 2014-1 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards' [Part A – Annual Improvements 2010-2012 and 2011-2013 Cycles]

The Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle includes a number of amendments to various AASBs. The key
amendments relevant to the Fund include changes to AASB 13 – short-term receivables and payables and AASB 124 –
key management personnel. The adoption of these amendments has not had a material impact on the Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

2. Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards (continued)

a) Standards and Interpretations affecting amounts reported in the current period (and/or prior periods) (continued)

AASB 2014-1 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards' [Part C - Materiality]

This amending standard makes amendments to particular Australian Accounting Standards to delete their references
to AASB 1031, which historically has been referenced in each Australian Accounting Standard. The adoption of this
amending standard does not have any material impact on the disclosures or the amounts recognised in the Fund's
financial statements.

Standards and Interpretations that are not expected to have a material impact on the Fund have not been included.

b) Standards and Interpretations in issue but not yet adopted

At the date of authorisation of the financial statements, the Standards and Interpretations listed below were in issue but not yet effective.

Standard/Interpretation	Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after	Expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending
AASB 9 'Financial Instruments', and the relevant amending standards	1 January 2018	30 June 2019
AASB 2015-1 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements to Australian Accounting Standards 2012-2014 Cycle'	1 January 2016	30 June 2017
AASB 2015-2 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101'	1 January 2016	30 June 2017
AASB 2015-3 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Withdrawal of AASB 1031 Materiality'	1 July 2015	30 June 2016
AASB 2015-5 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception'	1 January 2016	30 June 2017

There are no other standards that are not yet effective and that are expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

a) Statement of Compliance

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements and interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Fund's Constitution.

Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards, as issued by the AASB ensures that the financial statements and notes thereto comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors of the Responsible Entity on 30 September 2015.

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements, as issued by the IASB.

Notes to the Financial Statements

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

b) Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared using historical cost convention, except for the revaluation of investments in financial assets and liabilities, which have been measured at fair value.

The Statement of Financial Position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for certain investments in financial assets and net assets attributable to unitholders. The amounts expected to be received or settled in relation to these balances cannot be readily determined.

All amounts are presented in Australian dollars as the functional and presentational currency of the Fund.

Certain amounts included in the prior year comparatives have been re-classified to confirm to the current year's presentation.

c) Going concern basis

This financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis.

d) Revenue and income recognition

Revenue

Revenue is recognised and measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Distributions

Distributions from investments are recognised when the right to receive the payment is established.

Dividends

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time proportionate basis taking into account the effective yield on the financial assets.

e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and cash balances held with brokers.

f) Investments in financial instruments

Investments in financial instruments, as defined by AASB 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation', are categorised in accordance with AASB 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' and disclosed in accordance with AASB 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures'. This classification is determined by the purpose underpinning the acquisition of the investment. The classification of each financial instrument is re-evaluated at each financial year end.

Designated at fair value through profit or loss

Investments of the Fund that have been designated at fair value through profit or loss include but are not limited to derivatives, asset backed securities, corporate bonds, floating rate notes and hybrid securities. All investments are initially recognised at fair value of the consideration paid including transaction costs. After initial recognition, the financial assets that are designated at fair value through profit or loss are re-valued to fair value at each reporting date.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the reporting date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. The quoted market price used for financial assets and liabilities held by the Fund is the current close price.

Notes to the Financial Statements

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

f) Investments in financial instruments (continued)

Designated at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

Changes in the fair value of the investment are included in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as an unrealised appreciation or depreciation on fund investments.

The investments held by the Fund have been designated at fair value through profit or loss as doing so results in more relevant information. These investments are part of a full group of financial assets which are managed and have their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with risk management and investment strategies of the Fund.

The Fund recognises a financial asset when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Where the derivative assets and liabilities are traded on an exchange, their fair value is determined by reference to quoted market prices or binding dealer quotations at the balance date.

Where the derivative assets and liabilities are not traded on an exchange, their fair value is determined by reference to counterparty valuations or by the Investment Manager using valuation techniques largely based on market observable inputs, including discounted cash flows and option pricing models as appropriate at the balance date.

Derivative financial instruments

The Fund may enter into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate risk and foreign currency risk.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

g) Expenses

All expenses of the Fund are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

h) Taxation

Under the current tax legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided that the unitholders are presently entitled to the income of the Fund and that the Fund entirely distributes its taxable income.

There is no taxable income of the Fund to which the unitholders are not currently entitled. Additionally, the Fund's Constitution requires the distribution of the full amount of the net taxable income of the Fund to unitholders each year. As a result, deferred taxes have not been recognised in the financial statements in relation to the differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. This includes taxes on capital gains which could arise in the event of a sale of investments for the amount at which they are stated in the financial statements. In the event that the taxable gains are realised by the Fund, these gains would be included in the taxable income and assessable in the hands of the unitholders.

i) Distributions

In accordance with the offer documents of the Fund, distributions (if any) to unitholders are determined as soon as practicable after each month end. Where an income entitlement is to be distributed in cash, the distribution is generally made within 14 business days of the end of each calendar month, other than the 30 June month end, which will generally be paid within two months.

During the financial year, the Responsible Entity determines the distributable income (if any) for a distribution period to be distributed to unitholders which is based on a conservative estimate of distributable income for the whole financial year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

i) Distributions (continued)

The final distribution for the financial year will include the amount by which the distributable income (if any) for the financial year exceeds the aggregate of distributions to unitholders previously made during the financial year. In the event the amount distributed to unitholders during a financial year exceeds the actual income of the Fund for that financial year, the excess amount paid to unitholders will be classified as a capital distribution.

Distributable income includes capital gains arising from the disposal of investments. Unrealised gains or loss on investments that are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income are not distributed until realised. Capital losses are not distributed to unitholders and are retained to be offset against future realised capital gains.

j) Foreign currency transactions

The functional and presentation currency for the Fund is Australian Dollars. Transactions in foreign currencies are brought to account at the prevailing exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the exchange rate existing on reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. The differences arising from these foreign currency translations are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise.

k) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest, trust distributions and amounts due from brokers. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the reporting date from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in note 3 (d) above. Receivables include items such as Reduced Input Tax Credits ("RITC").

I) Payables

Trade and other payables are recognised when the Fund becomes obliged to make future payments resulting from the purchase of goods and services.

m) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

n) Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Management has adhered to the Fund's unit pricing policy which sets out the basis upon which the units of the Fund have been valued, a copy of which is available upon request.

In the application of the accounting policies, management are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstance, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The assumptions and methods used in the determination of the value of investments are outlined in note 3 (f) of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

o) Goods and services tax ("GST")

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- where the amount of GST is not recoverable from the taxation authority, it is recognised as part of acquisition of an asset or part of an item of expense; or
- for receivables and payables which are recognised inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority is included as part of receivables or payables. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

p) Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

The participating units issued by the Fund provide the unitholders with the right to redeem their units for cash equal to their proportionate share of the net asset value of the Fund. AASB 132 permits certain puttable instruments that impose on an entity an obligation to deliver to another party a pro-rata share of the net assets of the entity on liquidation to be classified as equity, subject to specified criteria being met. The Fund's redeemable participating units do not meet the specified criteria and have been consequently classified as liabilities. The liability to participating unitholders is presented on the Statement of Financial Position as "Net assets attributable to unitholders" and is determined based on the residual assets of the Fund after deducting the Fund's other liabilities.

4. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

Risks arising from holding financial instruments are inherent in the Fund's activities. These risks are managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring. The Fund is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

Financial instruments of the Fund comprise investments in financial assets held for the purpose of generating a return on the investment made by unitholders. In addition, the Fund also holds cash and cash equivalents and other financial instruments such as trade debtors and creditors, which arise directly from the operations of the Fund. The responsibility for identifying and controlling the risks that arise from these instruments is that of the Investment Committee of the Fund.

The method used to measure the risks reflects the expected impact on the performance of the Fund as well as the assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund resulting from reasonably possible changes in the relevant risk variables. Information regarding the Fund's risk exposure is prepared and monitored by the Responsible Entity against established investment mandate limits. These mandate limits reflect the investment strategy and market environment of the Fund as well as the level of risk the Fund is willing to accept. Information about these risk exposures at reporting date is disclosed on the next page.

a) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that the Fund will incur financial loss as a result of a failure by a counter party to discharge an obligation to a financial instrument. This risk may be minimised by:

- ensuring counterparties, together with their respective credit limits, are approved;
- ensuring that the transactions are undertaken with a large number of counterparties; and
- · ensuring that the majority of transactions are undertaken on recognised exchanges.

The Investment Committee allocates capital to high yielding, income producing investments and securities which may be complemented by capital appreciation. Approximately 75% of the Fund is targeted at investment grade assets. These are assets which are considered entities and/or securities that have an internal or external credit rating of BB or higher. Issuers of investment grade securities are considered to have a strong capacity to meet their payment obligations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

4. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

The following table details the breakdown by credit rating of the underlying investment assets held by the Fund:

	30 June 2015		30 June 2014	
	\$	% of portfolio	\$	% of portfolio
AAA	10,645,390	12.43%	1,499,053	4.19%
AA	10,853,790	12.67%	-	0.00%
A	13,121,285	15.32%	13,501,294	36.09%
ВВВ	41,840,460	48.86%	16,207,862	45.29%
ВВ	7,447,862	8.70%	3,897,088	10.89%
В	1,726,079	2.02%	1,265,038	3.54%
	85,634,866	100.00%	36,370,334	100.00%

b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices liquidity. Market risk is managed and monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager.

(i) Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund may be exposed to foreign currency risk if its portfolio includes securities that are denominated in a foreign currency. Currency risk may be reduced by the use of cross-currency swap, foreign exchange forwards and spot contracts.

The Fund's exposure to currency risk is set out in the following table:

	USD	AUD	Total
	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2015			
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	9,777,501	9,777,501
Applications receivable	-	422,323	422,323
Receivable for investments sold	-	2,373,033	2,373,033
Other assets		21,716	21,716
Investments in term deposits	-	1,046,236	1,046,236
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	32,451	71,961,606	71,994,057
Total assets	32,451	85,602,415	85,634,866
Liabilities			
Cash and cash equivalents	59,936	-	59,936
Distributions payable	-	115,083	115,083
Management fees payable	-	58,910	58,910
Payables on investments purchased	-	504,980	504,980
Redemptions payable	-	316	316
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		-	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)	59,936	679,289	739,225
Net currency exposure	(27,485)	84,923,126	84,895,641

Notes to the Financial Statements

- 4. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)
- b) Market Risk (continued)
- (i) Currency Risk (continued)

	USD \$	AUD \$	Total \$
30 June 2014	T		<u> </u>
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	5,923,119	5,923,119
Other assets	-	15,496	15,496
Investments in term deposits	-	508,733	508,733
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	33,856	29,889,130	29,922,986
Total assets	33,856	36,336,478	36,370,334
Liabilities			
Cash and cash equivalents	114,753	-	114,753
Distributions payable	_	458,752	458,752
Management fees payable	•	27,879	27,879
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	54,423	54,423
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)	114,753	541,054	655,807
Net currency exposure	(80,897)	35,795,424	35,714,527

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Fund's Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income to a reasonable change in foreign exchange rates, with all other variables held constant.

	Change in foreign exchange rate increase/(decrease)	Effect on net profit and net assets attributable to unitholders
Year ended 30 June 2015 USD/AUD	20%/(20%)	(5,497)/5,497
Year ended 30 June 2014 USD/AUD	20%/(20%)	(16,179)/16,179

Notes to the Financial Statements

4. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of financial instruments. The Fund's exposure to interest rate risk is set out in the following table:

	Floating interest rate \$	Fixed interest rate \$	Non-interest bearing \$	Total \$
30 June 2015				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	9,717,565	-	-	9,717,565
Applications receivable	-	-	422,323	422,323
Receivable for investments sold	-	-	2,373,033	2,373,033
Other assets	-	•	21,716	21,716
Investments in term deposits	-	1,046,236	-	1,046,236
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	71,948,139	-	45,918	71,994,057
Total assets	81,665,704	1,046,236	2,862,990	85,574,930
Liabilities				
Distributions payable	-	-	115,083	115,083
Management fees payable	-	-	58,910	58,910
Payables on investments purchased	-	-	504,980	504,980
Redemptions payable	-	-	316	316
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		-		
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)		-	679,289	679,289
Net exposure	81,665,704	1,046,236	2,183,701	84,895,641
	Floating	Fixed	Non-interest	
	interest rate	interest rate	bearing	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2014 Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	5,808,366	-	-	5,808,366
Other assets	-	-	15,496	15,496
Investments in term deposits	-	508,733		508,733
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	29,877,068		45,918	29,922,986
Total assets	35,685,434	508,733	61,414	36,255,581
Liabilities				
Distributions payable	-	-	458,752	458,752
Management fees payable	=	-	27,879	27,879
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss			54,423	54,423
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)	_		541,054	541,054
Net exposure	35,685,434	508,733	(479,640)	35,714,527

Notes to the Financial Statements

- 4. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)
- (b) Market risk (continued)
- (ii) Interest rate risk (continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Fund's Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income to a reasonable change in interest rates, with all other variables constant. The 25 basis point sensitivity is based on a change in the AUD cash interest rates, relative to the Fund interest rate risk position as at 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014:

	Change in basis points increase/(decrease)	Effect on net profit and net assets attributable to unitholders (\$)
Year ended 30 June 2015 AUD interest rate	25bp/(25bp)	164,700/(164,700)
Year ended 30 June 2014 AUD interest rate	25bp/(25bp)	12,231/(12,231)

(iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of investments decreases as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual stock or factors affecting all instruments in the market. Price risk is managed by monitoring compliance with established investment mandate limits. All securities present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments.

As at 30 June 2015, a positive 10% sensitivity would have had an impact in the Fund's Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and net assets attributable to unitholders of \$7,199,406 (2014: \$2,986,856). A negative sensitivity would have an equal but opposite impact.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. There is no guaranteed market for some of the credit products that the Fund invests in. Accordingly, the Fund may need to wait before it is able to liquidate various assets in its portfolio. The market for credit products may lack liquidity because of insufficient trading activity. This may make it difficult or impossible to realise assets in the Fund leading to reduced profits and increased losses for the Fund.

In order to control the liquidity risk associated with its investments, the Fund conducts its investing activities in accordance with agreed guidelines and leverage ratios to ensure a minimal concentration of risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements

4. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining year from 30 June 2014 to the contractual maturity date.

			30 June 2	2015			
	On	< 1	1-3	3-6	6-12	> 12	
	demand	month	months	months	months	months	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Liabilities							
Distributions payable	-	115,083	-	-	-	-	115,083
Management fees payable	-	58,910	-	-	-	-	58,910
Payables on investments purchased	-	504,980	-	-	-	-	504,980
Redemptions payable	-	316	-	-	-	-	316
Financial liabilities at fair value through							
profit or loss	•	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	84,895,641		_	-	=	-	84,895,641
Total liabilities	84,895,641	679,289	-	-	-	-	85,574,930
			30 June 2	2014			
	On	<1	1-3	3-6	6-12	> 12	
	demand	month	months	months	months	months	Total
Liabilities	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Distributions payable		458,752	_	-	-	_	458,752
Management fees payable	-	27,879	-	-	-	-	27,879
Financial liabilities at fair value through							
profit or loss	_	-	54,423	-	-	-	54,423
Net assets attributable to unitholders	35,714,527		<u>-</u>	-	,=	-	35,714,527
•							
Total liabilities	35,714,527	486,631	54,423	_	-	-	36,255,581

The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

5. Net Gains on Financial Instruments Designated at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

	Year ended 30 June 2015 \$	Year ended 30 June 2014 \$
Net realised (losses)/gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss Net unrealised (losses)/gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or	(63,182)	251,031
loss	(609,310)	449,249
Total net (losses)/gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(672,492)	700,280

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. Investments in Financial Instruments

Financial assets designated as fair value through profit or loss

	30 June 2015 \$	30 June 2014 \$
Fair value of financial assets designated as fair value through profit or loss		
Investment in asset backed securities	32,580,661	18,186,580
Investment in corporate bonds	19,424,090	10,948,980
Investment in equity securities	19,931,174	741,508
Investment in derivatives	58,132	45,918
Total financial assets designated as fair value through profit or loss	71,994,057	29,922,986
Financial liabilities designated as fair value through profit or loss		
	30 June 2015	30 June 2014
	\$	\$
Fair value of financial liabilities designated as fair value through profit or loss		
Investment in derivatives		54,423
Total financial liabilities designated as fair value through profit or loss		54,423

Fair value hierarchy

Financial instruments carried at fair value are categorised under a three level hierarchy. Financial instruments are categorised based on the observable market inputs when estimating their fair value. If different levels of inputs are used to measure a financial instrument's fair value, the instrument's classification within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that was significant to the fair value measurement.

Level 1:

Financial instruments are valued by reference to quoted prices in an active market(s) for identical assets or liabilities. These quoted prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Level 2:

Financial instruments are valued using inputs other than quoted prices covered in Level 1. These other inputs include quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices). The inputs included in this level encompass quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets in which there are few transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities. Financial instruments that are valued using other inputs that are not quoted prices but are observable for the assets or liabilities also fall into this categorisation.

Level 3:

Financial instruments that have been valued, in whole or in part, by using valuation techniques or models that are based on unobservable inputs that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

Unobservable valuation inputs are determined based on the best information available, which might include the entity's own data, reflecting its assumptions as well as best practices carried out or undertaken by other market participants. These valuation techniques are used to the extent that observable inputs are not available.

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. Investments in Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments held at 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014, recorded at fair value and presented by level of the fair value hierarchy:

	30 June 2015				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$\$	
Financial assets					
Investment in asset backed securities		32,580,661	-	32,580,661	
Investment in corporate bonds	-	19,424,090	-	19,424,090	
Investment in listed securities	19,931,174	-	-	19,931,174	
Investment in derivatives	58,132		-	58,132	
Total financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	19,989,306	52,004,751	-	71,994,057	
		30 June 2	014		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial assets					
Investment in asset backed securities	-	18,186,580	-	18,186,580	
Investment in corporate bonds		10,948,980	-	10,948,980	
Investment in listed securities	741,508	-	-	741,508	
Investment in derivatives	45,918		_	45,918	
Total financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	787,426	29,135,560	_	29,922,986	
		30 June 2	2014		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial liabilities					
Investment in derivatives	54,423		-	54,423	
Total financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	54,423	**	-	54,423	

The Fund had no financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss as at 30 June 2015.

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year. The Fund's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

Valuation techniques used to derive level 1, level 2 and level 3 fair values

Level 1

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in an active market (for example, listed equities) is determined using the last traded quoted price in an active market. As at 30 June 2015 the Fund had \$19,989,306 (2014: \$787,426) financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss included in level 1. As at 30 June2015 the Fund also had \$ nil (2014: \$ 54,423) financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss included in level 1.

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. Investments in Financial Instruments (continued)

Valuation techniques used to derive level 1, level 2 and level 3 fair values (continued)

Level 2

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, unlisted investments) is determined using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2. As at 30 June 2015 the Fund had \$52,004,751 (2014: \$29,135,560) financial instruments in level 2.

Level 3

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. As at 30 June 2015 the Fund had \$ nil (2014; \$ nil) financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss included in level 3.

Disclosed fair values

For all financial instruments other than those measured at fair value their carrying value approximates fair value.

7. Derivative Financial Instruments

In the normal course of business the Fund enters into transactions in various derivative financial instruments with certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forwards, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values or to reduce volatility;
- · a substitution for trading of physical securities; and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

The Fund holds the following derivative instruments.

a) Futures

Futures are contractual obligations to buy or sell financial instruments on a future date at a specified price established in an organised market. The futures contracts are organised by cash or marketable securities. Changes in futures contracts' values are usually settled net daily with the exchange. Interest rate futures are contractual obligations to receive or pay a net amount based on changes in interest rates at a future date at a specified price, established in an organised financial market.

Notes to the Financial Statements

7. Derivative Financial Instruments (continued)

b) Options

An option is a contractual arrangement under which the seller (writer) grants the purchaser (holder) the right, but not the obligation, either to buy (a call option) or sell (a put option) at or by a set date or during a set period, a specific amount of securities or a financial instrument at a predetermined price. The seller receives a premium from the purchaser in consideration for the assumption of future securities price risk. Options held by the Fund are exchange traded. The Fund may be exposed to credit risk on purchased options to the extent of their carrying amount, which is their fair value. Options are settled on a gross basis.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments at year end are detailed below:

	Notional Value	Assets	Liabilities
	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2015	•		
Exchange traded derivatives			
Exchange traded options	241,123	32,451	-
Exchange traded futures	5,622,927	25,681	-
	Notional Value	Assets	Liabilities
	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2014			
Exchange traded derivatives			
Exchange traded options	(56,766)	33,856	-
Exchange traded futures	177,508	12,062	(54,423)
8. Other Receivables			
•		30 June 2015	30 June 2014
	_	\$	\$
GST receivable		16,413	6,600
Interest receivable		963	5,212
Withholding tax receivable		-	7
General fund expenses receivable	_	4,340	3,677
		21,716	15,496

Notes to the Financial Statements

9. Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Year ended 30 June 2014

Tear ended 50 June 2014	Ordinar	y Units	Wholesale units		Total	
	No. of Units	\$	No. of Units	\$	No. of Units	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2013	8,135,458	8,268,718	-	-	8,135,458	8,268,718
Applications for units by unitholders	5,099,641	5,2`86,019	22,966,640	23,917,824	28,066,281	29,203,843
Redemptions of units by unitholders	(318,047)	(332,050)	(1,825,127)	(1,914,348)	(2,143,174)	(2,246,398)
Reinvestments by unitholders	45,210	46,759	1,380	1,434	46,590	48,193
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	262,921	_	177,250	-	440,171
Closing balance as at 30 June 2014	12,962,262	13,532,367	21,142,893	22,182,160	34,105,155	35,714,527
Year ended 30 June 2015						
	Ordinar	y Units	Wholesal	e units	Tot	:al
	No. of Units	\$	No. of Units	\$	No. of Units	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2014	12,962,262	13,532,367	21,142,893	22,182,160	34,105,155	35,714,527
Applications for units by unitholders	7,951,560	4,833,931	49,727,250	52,128,032	57,678,810	56,961,963
Redemptions of units by unitholders	(4,170,087)	(865,595)	(6,398,821)	(6,316,544)	(10,568,908)	(7,182,139)
Reinvestments by unitholders	78,216	81,628	15,261	16,041	93,477	97,669
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	(130,562)	•	(565,817)	-	(696,379)
Closing balance as at 30 June 2015	16,821,951	17,451,769	64,486,583	67,443,872	81,308,534	84,895,641

a) Unit Classes

The Fund offers two classes of Units under the Product Disclosure Statement as follows;

- Ordinary Units; and
- Wholesale Units.

b) Terms and Conditions of Units on Issue

Wholesale Units will rank equally with and have the same rights, restrictions, obligations, terms and conditions as Ordinary Units except for the following:

- Wholesale Units are only able to be applied for by Wholesale Clients and be issued by the Responsible Entity to Wholesale Clients;
- a lower management fee will be charged in respect of the Wholesale Units;
- the Wholesale Units will have a different application price and withdrawal price reflecting the lower management fee charged; and
- if Wholesale Units are transferred to a Retail Client, the Transferred Wholesale Units will automatically be reclassified as, or converted to, Ordinary Units by the Responsible Entity (at the next relevant valuation time) pursuant to its reclassification and conversion power under the Constitution. The Transferred Wholesale Units will be reclassified or converted to as many Ordinary Units having the same total value as the Transferred Wholesale Units. In reclassifying and converting the Transferred Wholesale Units to Ordinary Units, the Transferred Wholesale Units will be consolidated or divided as appropriate.

Notes to the Financial Statements

10. Capital Management

As a result of the ability to issue, repurchase and resell units, the capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for redemptions and subscriptions to the Fund. The Fund is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and has no restrictions on the issue, repurchase or resale of redeemable units. The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- to invest the capital in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in the Fund's product disclosure statement;
- to achieve consistent returns while safeguarding capital by investing in a diversified portfolio, by using various investment strategies;
- · to maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the ongoing expenses of the Fund; and
- to maintain sufficient size to make the operation of the Fund cost-efficient.

11. Cash and Cash Equivalents

(a) Cash investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at banks net of outstanding overdrafts and cash balances held with brokers. Cash at the end of the year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	30 June 2015 \$	30 June 2014 \$
Cash at bank	9,328,340	5,724,777
Margin account	389,225	83,589
	9,717,565	5,808,366

During the year, the Fund held cash in One Cash Management Fund ("OCMF"). The Trustee of OCMF is an associated entity of the Trustee and received fees of 50 bps for managing OCMF. As at 30 June 2015, the Fund held \$nil cash in OCMF (2014: \$nil).

(b) Reconciliation of decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders for the year to net cash flows provided by operating activities:

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2015	30 June 2014
	\$	\$
(Decrease)/increase in net assets attributable to unitholders	(696,378)	440,171
Change in value of financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss Net proceeds from purchase and sale of financial assets designated at fair value through	672,492	(700,280)
profit or loss	(45,203,542)	(22,925,091)
Distributions to unitholders	2,171,954	1,367,504
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(6,220)	26,530
Increase in trade and other payables	31,031	14,008
Net cash used in operating activities	(43,030,663)	(21,777,158)

Notes to the Financial Statements

12. Auditor's Remuneration

	Year ended 30 June 2015 \$	Year ended 30 June 2014 \$
Audit of the financial report	13,090	15,758
Other audit assurance services	2,244	2,244
Total auditor's remuneration	13,090	18,002

The auditor of the Fund is ESV Accounting and Business Advisors. PricewaterhouseCoopers Australia provided other audit and assurance services for the year ended 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

There are no commitments or contingencies at 30 June 2015 (2014: nil).

14. Subsequent Events

There has not been any matter or circumstance occurring subsequent to the end of the year that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Fund, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years

15. Related Party Transactions

a) Responsible Entity fees

The responsible entity of the Fund is OMIFL. The responsible entity fee is paid out of the management fee.

- Responsible entity fees of \$51,788 (2014: \$39,618) were incurred during the year.
- Responsible entity fees payable at 30 June 2015 were \$7,767 (2014: \$3,318).

Transactions with related parties have taken place at arm's length and in the ordinary course of business.

b) Management fees paid and payable to the Investment Manager

As stated in the Product Disclosure Statement, the Responsible Entity charges a management fee of 1.2% (including GST) of the gross asset value of the Fund referrable to ordinary units; and 0.77% (including GST) of the gross asset value of the Fund referrable to wholesale units. The fee accrues daily and is payable monthly in arrears out of the assets of the Fund.

The costs of providing custodian, administrative and registry services to the Fund are paid out of the management fee. The following entities, which are related parties of the Responsible Entity, have provided services to the Fund during the financial year ended 30 June 2015:

- Unity Fund Services Pty Limited (ACN 146 747 122) fund administration services
- One Registry Services Pty Limited (ACN 141 757 360) unit registry services

Investment management fees are paid quarterly in arrears to the investment manager of the Fund, Realm Investment Management Pty Ltd ("Investment Manager").

The following management fees were paid or payable out of the Fund's property during the year ended 30 June 2015:

- Management fees of \$487,792 (2014:\$212,300) were incurred during the year.
- Management fees of \$58,910 (2014: \$27,879) were payable at 30 June 2015.

Notes to the Financial Statements

15. Related Party Transactions (continued)

c) Other fees to related parties

As stated in the Product Disclosure Statement, the Responsible Entity is entitled to be reimbursed out of the assets of the Fund for Fund-related expenses, for example legal fees, taxation advice, audit fees and costs of members' meetings. An allowance for general fund expenses of 0.1% (including GST) of the gross asset value of the Fund has been made, referrable to both ordinary units and to wholesale units. The fee accrues daily and is payable monthly in arrears out of the assets of the Fund.

Unity Tax Services Pty Limited (ACN 147 393 557) provided taxation services to the Fund during the financial year ended 30 June 2015. The fees paid to Unity Tax Services Pty Limited were paid out of the general fund expenses.

d) Key management personnel

i) Responsible Entity

The key management personnel of the Responsible Entity are:

Name Title

Frank Tearle Executive Director and Fund Secretary

Justin Epstein Executive Director
Elizabeth Reddy Non-executive Director

At inception, Justin Epstein was issued with 10 initial units valued at \$10. Holders of initial units do not have an interest or entitlement to share in any distributable amounts. The withdrawal price for initial units is the price paid by the unitholder to acquire the initial units. Holders of initial units are not entitled to receive notices of and attend general meetings or ordinary unitholders. Additionally, initial units have no voting rights. On winding up of the Fund, the holder of initial units is only entitled to payment of the price paid by the unitholder to acquire the initial units.

Key management personnel of the Responsible Entity and their associated entities did not hold any units in the Fund as at 30 June 2015 (2014: nil).

ii) Investment Manager

The key management personnel of the Investment Manager are:

NameTitleAndrew PapageorgiouDirectorRobert CamilleriDirector

Notes to the Financial Statements

15. Related Party Transactions (continued)

d) Key management personnel (continued)

ii) Investment Manager (continued)

The key management personnel of the Investment Manager and their associated entities held the following units as at 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014:

20	lune	201	

Unitholder	Number of Units held opening	Number of Units held closing	Fair value of investment	% Interest held	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund
Andrew	,						
Papageorgiou	125,531	125,531	131,042	0.15%	-	-	4,618
Robert Camilleri	518,643	518,643	541,412	0.64%		-	19,078
Total	644,174	644,174	672,454	0.79%	-		23,696
30 June 2014	Number of Units held	Number of Units held	Fair value of	% Interest	Number of units	Number of units	Distributions paid/payable
Unitholder	opening	closing	investment	held	acquired	disposed	by the Fund
Andrew	•						
Papageorgiou	-	125,531	131,130	0.37%	125,531	-	5,421
Robert Camilleri	324,279	518,643	541,775	1.52%	194,364	-	27,326
Total	324,279	644,174	672,905	1.89%	319,895	_	32,747

iii) Related party unitholdings

There was no interest in the Fund held by other management investment schemes also managed by the Responsible Entity and the Manager.

iv) Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no other key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving key management personnel's interests existing at year end.